## MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shareddecision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

# $\label{eq:course} COURSE\ OUTLINE$ $T-Theory, SL/L-Skill\ Lab/Lab,\ C-Clinical$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India	Current scenario:     Trends of maternity care in India     Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and	<ul> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies</li> <li>Scenario based learning</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective typ</li><li>Essay</li><li>Quiz</li></ul>

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)				
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			o Maternal death audit		
		Describe the various	National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health)		
		national health programs related to	Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:		
		RMNCH+A	Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC)		
		Identify the trends	Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)		
		and issues in midwifery	<ul> <li>Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM)</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Universal rights of child-bearing women</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Sexual and reproductive health and rights</li> </ul>		
			Women's expectations & choices about care		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			ICM code of ethics		
			Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and	<ul> <li>Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers</li> </ul>		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/community)		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human	• Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and	reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	• Discussion	Short answer
		physiology of human reproductive system	physiology)	Self-directed	• Essay
			Review:	learning	
			Female organs of reproduction	• Models	
			<ul> <li>Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations</li> </ul>	Videos & films	
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods	
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding			
			Fetopelvic relationship			
			Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene			
			Fertilization, conception and implantation			
			Embryological development			
			Placental development and function, placental barrier			
			Fetal growth and development			
			Fetal circulation & nutrition			
III	12 (T)		Assessment and management of	Lecture	Short answer	
	10 (L)		normal pregnancy (ante-natal):	Discussion	Objective type	
	40 (C)	Provide preconception	Pre-pregnancy Care	Demonstration	Assessment of	
			Review of sexual development (Self Learning)	Self-Learning	skills with check list  Case study evaluation	
			Socio-cultural aspects of human	Health talk		
			sexuality (Self Learning)	Role play		
			Preconception care	Counseling session	• OSCE	
			Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning)			
			Planned parenthood			
				Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters)	Case discussion/	
		Describe the physiology, assessment	Normal pregnancy	presentation  Simulation  Supervised		
		and management of normal pregnancy	Physiological changes during pregnancy			
			Assess and confirm pregnancy:     Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs,     differential diagnosis and confirmatory     tests	clinical practice		
			Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition			
			Building partnership with women following RMC protocol			
			Fathers' engagement in maternity care			
			Ante-natal care:			
			1 <sup>st</sup> Trimesters			
		Demonstrate	Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation			
		knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery practice throughout 1st,2nd and 3rd	Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy	Refer SBA module     & Safe motherhood		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.)	Lab tests –     performance and     interpretation	
			Danger signs during pregnancy	Demonstration	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	Roleplay	
			Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines		
			Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests.		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	antenatal assessment	
			Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc.		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			Referral and collaboration, empowerment		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester		
			Third trimester tests and screening		
			Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning      Danger signs of pregnancy –		
			recognition of ruptured membranes  Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion  Ongoing risk assessment  Cultural needs  Women centered care  Respectful and compassionate communication	<ul> <li>Scenario based learning</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Simulation</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Refer GoI Guidelines</li> </ul>	
			Health education on exclusive breastfeeding     Role of Doula/ASHA's	<ul> <li>Health talk</li> <li>Counseling session</li> <li>Demonstration of birthing positions</li> </ul>	
				Workshop on alternative birthing positions	
IV	12 (T) 12 (L) 80 (C)	of labour in promoting normal	Physiology, management and care during labour  Normal labour and birth  Onset of birth/labour  Per vaginal examination (if necessary)  Stages of labour  Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth  Positive birth environment  Respectful care and communication  Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines  Fist Stage  Physiology of normal labour  Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide  Assessing and monitoring fetal well being  Evidence based care during 1st stage	Lecture     Discussion     Demonstration     Bedside clinics     Case discussion/presentation     Simulated practice     Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth     Refer SBA module     LaQshya guidelines     Dakshata guidelines	Essay type     Short answer     Objective type     Case study evaluation     Assessment of skills with check list     OSCE
		Work effectively for pain management during labour	Pain management in labour (non-pharmacological)     Psychological support – Managing fear     Activity and ambulation during first stage of labour		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Nutrition during labour		
			Promote positive childbirth experience for women		
			Birth companion		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Second stage		
			Physiology (Mechanism of labour)	Refer ENBC,	
			Signs of imminent labour	NSSK module	
		Discuss how the	Intrapartum monitoring	Demonstration	
		midwife provides care and support for the	Birth position of choice	Group work	
		women during birth to	Vaginal examination	Scenario based learning	
		enhance physiological birthing and promote	Psychological support	learning	
		normal birth	Non-directive coaching		
		Assess and provide care of the newborn	<ul> <li>Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth</li> </ul>		
		immediately	Essential newborn care (ENBC)		
		following birth	Immediate assessment and care of the newborn		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Third Stage		
			Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis	Simulation	
			Physiological management of third stage of labour	<ul><li>Role play</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>	
			Active management of third stage of labour (recommended)	• Videos	
			Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels		
			Assess perineal, vaginal tear/ injuries and suture if required		
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD		
			Immediate perineal care		
			Initiation of breast feeding		
			Skin to skin contact		
			Newborn resuscitation		
		Discuss the impact of labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life	Fourth Stage		
			Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn		
			<ul> <li>Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss</li> </ul>		
			Documentation and Record of birth		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
V	7 (T) 6 (L) 40 (C)	Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching  Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	<ul> <li>Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care</li> <li>Perineal hygiene and care</li> <li>Bladder and bowel function</li> <li>Minor disorders of puerperium and its management</li> <li>Physiology of lactation and lactation management</li> <li>Postnatal counseling and psychological support</li> <li>Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression</li> <li>Transition to parenthood</li> <li>Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth</li> <li>Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices)</li> <li>Diet during lactation-review</li> </ul>	Lecture     Discussion     Demonstration     Health talk     Simulated practice     Supervised clinical practice     Refer SBA module	Essay type     Short answer     Objective type     Assessment of skills with checklist     OSCE
	5 (T)		Post-partum family planning     Follow-up of postnatal mothers     Drugs used in the postnatal period     Records and reports	-	
VI	7 (L)	Discuss the need for and provision of compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn  Describe the assessment and care of normal neonate	Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates  Family centered care  Respectful newborn care and communication  Normal Neonate – Physiological adaptation  Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies  Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Simulated practice session</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> <li>Refer safe deliver app module – newborn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			the childbirth (Routine care of newborn)  Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation  Infection prevention  Immunization  Minor disorders of newborn and its management	management  • Partial completion of SBA module	
VII	2 (L)	Explain various methods of family planning and role of nurse/midwife in providing family planning services  Describe youth friendly services and role of nurses/midwives  Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence	Family welfare services  Impact of early/frequent childbearing  Comprehensive range of family planning methods  Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods  Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization  Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods  Emergency contraceptives  Recent trends and research in contraception  Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)  Legal and rights aspects of FP  Human rights aspects of FP  Human rights aspects of FP  Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods  Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)  Legal and rights aspects of FP  Human rights aspects of FP  Golescents  Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)  Importance of follow up and recommended timing  Gender related issues in SRH  Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife  Special courts for abused people  Gender sensitive health services including family planning	Lecture     Supervised practice     Field visits     Scenario based learning     Discussion     GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Field visit reports</li> <li>Vignettes</li> </ul>

### PRACTICUM

### PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

### VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

### SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab - 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical - 3 Credits (240 hours)

### PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

### SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- Urine pregnancy test
- Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

# CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		_	1 -		
Labour	3 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph  Provide care to women during labour  Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	<ul> <li>Assessment of woman in labour</li> <li>Partograph</li> <li>Per vaginal examination when indicated</li> <li>Care during first stage of labour</li> <li>Pain management techniques</li> <li>Upright and alternative positions in labour</li> <li>Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological</li> <li>Conduction of normal childbirth</li> <li>Essential newborn care</li> <li>Newborn resuscitation</li> <li>Active management of third stage of labour</li> <li>Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour</li> </ul>	Partograph recording     PV examination     Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth     Case study     Case presentation     Episiotomy and suturing if indicated     Newborn resuscitation	Assignment     case study     Case presentation     OSCE
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal Ward including FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment  Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	Postnatal assessment     Care of postnatal mothers – normal     Care of normal newborn     Lactation management	Postnatal assessment     Newborn assessment     Case study	Assignment     Case study     Case     presentation

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes		Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Provide postnatal counseling	Postnatal counseling     Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care	• PPIUCD	
		Provide family welfare services	Family welfare counseling	insertion & removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

### VII SEMESTER

### MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

#### PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab - 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical - 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

### SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

# CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks $\times$ 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive medicine and	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures	Kick chart, DFMC     Assist in NST/CTG/USG     Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures	Antenatal palpation     Health talk     Case study	• Simulation • Case presentation • OSCE
antenatal ward		Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy  Counsel antenatal mothers  Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling  Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy     Antenatal counselling     Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness      Post abortion care     Post abortion counselling      Counselling infertile couples		
Labour room	2 weeks	Conduction of normal chidlbirth  Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries  Monitor labour using partograph  Identify and manage complications during labour	Assessment of woman in labour     Partograph     Pervaginal examination if indicated     Obstetric examination     Care during first stage of labour     Pain management techniques     Upright and alternative positions in labour     Preparation for labour — articles, physical, psychological     Conduction of normal childbirth     Essential newborn care     Newborn resuscitation     Active management of third stage of labour     Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour     Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis     Assist in the management of	Partograph recording  Pain management during labour  Conduction of normal childbirth  Assisting in abnormal deliveries  Managing complication during labour  Case study  Case presentation	Assignment     Case study     Case presentation     Simulation     OSCE

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia		
			Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E		
			Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony		
			Management of obstetric shock		
Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications  Provide postnatal care	Postnatal history collection and physical examination     Identify postnatal complications	Health talk     Postnatal assessment     Newborn assessment	<ul> <li>Role play</li> <li>Assignment</li> <li>Case study</li> <li>Case presentation</li> </ul>
			Care of postnatal mothers –     abnormal deliveries, caesarean section	Case studies     Case     presentation	• Simulation • Vignettes
			Care of normal newborn     Lactation management	PPIUCD insertion and	• OSCE
			Postnatal counselling	removal	
		Provide family welfare	Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care		
		services	Family welfare counselling		
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	1week	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies	Neonatal assessment –     identification of complication,     congenital anomalies.	Case study     Case presentation	Case presentation     Care study
		Perform neonatal	Observation of newborn	Assignments	Care plan
		resuscitation	Neonatal resuscitation	Simulated	Simulation,
		Care of high risk	Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn	practice	Vignettes  • OSCE
		newborn	Assist in Exchange transfusion		
			Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube		
		Provide care for	Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer		
		newborns in ventilator, incubator etc	Infection control in the nursery		
			Neonatal medications		
		Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation		
Obstetric/ Gynae	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	Observe/Assist in caesarean section	Assisting in obstetric and	Assignment     Tray set-up for
operation theatre &			Management of retained placenta	gynecological surgery	Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecological
Gynecology				Tray set-up for	surgeries

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Ward		Care for women with gynecological disorders	Gynecological surgeries	caesarean section  • Care plan	Case presentation
			Hysterectomy     Uterine rupture     Care of women with gynecological conditions     Health education		• Simulation • Vignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

### REFERENCE

- 1. DUTTA- -Text book of Obstetrics 4th Ed., -Text book of Gynecology 3rd ed.
- 2. C.S. DAWN- Textbook of Gynecology Contraception and Demography 13th ed.
- 3. BOBAK JENSEN- Essentials of Maternity Nursing 3rd ed.
- 4. LONGMAN Clinical Obstetrics 9th ed.
- 5. CAMPBELL -Gynecology by ten teachers 17th ed.
- 6. MYLES Text book of Midwifes 14th ed.